

## What research are we doing?

We are using an atomic force microscope (AFM) to determine the physical properties of various organic samples.

We take topographical images

We also make electrical measurements with the AFM

Why not use an optical microscope?

Optical microscopes have a theoretical limit on their resolution that is based on the wavelength of light.

AFM is not bound to this limit

## How does an AFM work?

We set a cantilever tip close enough to the sample

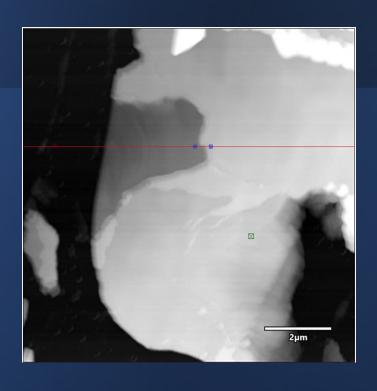
We ocellate cantilever tip at a set frequency

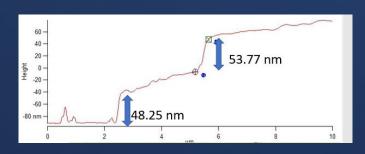
As the tip moves along the sample the frequency will deviate

The AFM will make height corrections to keep the frequency constant

These height corrections are used to map the topography of the sample.

## What does an AFM image look like?







• With the AFM, we can learn about the size and shape of the sample

 We can also learn about the electrical properties of the sample

 Future applications are most apparent in solid state devices



## Thanks For Listening!