# Millimeter Properties of Narrow-Line Seyfert 1 Galaxies

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## What are Active Galactic Nuclei (AGN)?

- Center of galaxy with supermassive black hole that is actively accreting matter
- Luminosity is greater than usual and not from stars, radiation ranging across entire electromagnetic spectrum
- Can outshine its entire host galaxy!
- Since their discovery they have been classified into many different categories, including quasars, blazars, Narrow-Line Seyfert 1 galaxies.

#### Unification Model



Narrow-Line Seyfert 1 Galaxies (NLS1s)

- Permitted lines from broad line region (Hβ) are narrow
- Low-intermediate black hole masses (<10<sup>8</sup> solar masses)
- Strong X-ray emitters
- Many have X-ray and radio variability that shows a high amplitude over unusually short periods.
  - The sources I am looking at have unusually high radio variability over short timescales
    - Never observed before in any AGN in radio!

#### Finding millimeter properties of NLS1 sources

- Strong, variable radio emission jets
- Jets not detected yet
- Synchrotron Self Absorption (SSA)
  - Photons emitted and absorbed by same field
- Free Free Absorption (FFA)
  - Photons absorbed by external screen
- Could detect at shorter radio wavelengths (2 and 1.15mm)
- IRAM 30m telescope with NIKA2 camera



### Citations

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- Active galactic nucleus. ESA/Hubble | ESA/Hubble. (n.d.). https://esahubble.org/wordbank/active-galactic-nucleus/
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